

Aufgabe 1: Berechne die folgenden Grenzwerte:

1.1 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2e^x - 2}{x}$

Zähler: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (2e^x - 2) = 2 \cdot e^0 - 2 = 2 - 2 = 0$ Nenner: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x = 0$

Ableitungen: $\frac{d}{dx}(2e^x - 2) = 2e^x$; $\frac{d}{dx}x = 1$ Also $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2e^x - 2}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2e^x}{1} = 2e^0 = 2$

1.2 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{x^3}$ Zähler: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^x = \infty$ Nenner: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^3 = \infty$

Ableitungen: $\frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$; $\frac{d}{dx}x^3 = 3x^2$ Beides läuft wieder gegen unendlich, also

$\frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$; $\frac{d}{dx}3x^2 = 6x$ Beides läuft wieder gegen unendlich, also

$\frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$; $\frac{d}{dx}6x = 6$ Somit ist: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{3x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{6x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x}{6} = \infty$

1.3 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{x}{x \sin(x)} - \frac{\sin(x)}{x \sin(x)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin(x)}{x \sin(x)}$

Zähler: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x - \sin(x)) = 0 - 0 = 0$ Nenner: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x \sin(x)) = 0 \cdot 0 = 0$

Ableitungen: $\frac{d}{dx}(x - \sin(x)) = 1 - \cos(x)$; $\frac{d}{dx}(x \cdot \sin(x)) = 1 \cdot \sin(x) + x \cos(x)$

Zähler: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos(x)) = 1 - 1 = 0$ Nenner: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\sin(x) + x \cos(x)) = 0 + 0 \cdot \cos(0) = 0$

Ableitungen:

$\frac{d}{dx}(1 - \cos(x)) = \sin(x)$; $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin(x) + x \cos(x)) = \cos(x) + 1 \cdot \cos(x) - x \sin(x) = 2 \cos(x) - x \sin(x)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{2 \cos(x) - x \sin(x)} = \frac{\sin(0)}{2 \cos(0) - 0 \sin(0)} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$